Applicable for:

Work permit 2023 – 13.12.2023

- **☑** Permanent/regular staff
- **☑** Temporary staff

Processing time after application

Is a work permit needed? YES for non-Swiss

Activity of less than 3 months:

- EU/EFTA online job advert
- ➤ Non-EU/EFTA valid visa covering the duration of stay → is valid as an authorization without registration to the commune

Activity of more than 3 months:

- > EU/EFTA registration on arrival in Switzerland within 14 days at the commune of residence to obtain a permit
- Non-EU/EFTA valid visa + registration within 14 days at the commune of residence to obtain a permit

If yes, plan ahead!

Respect the deadlines and processing time in order to ensure the person can start work as per start date

No work permit or valid authorization = no work

For non EU/EFTA nationals, the employee must wait for final approval or authorization to enter **CH** (visa) before traveling



3 months minimum



1 month minimum

UK

8 à 10 weeks

Processing times are estimates and may vary depending on workload of authorities. HR team processing time is not included (approx. 1 week after all documents have been accepted).

Permits at a glance or permits in brief

Types of work & residence permits

Valérie Bise

EU/EFTA Countries

- <u>EU 26 + EU1</u>: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden
- EU 1 : Croatia, free movement of person with reactivated safeguard clause → 31.12.2026
- EFTA: Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway
- United Kingdom incl. England, Scotland, Wales - Northern Ireland not considered as EU by CH immigration
- EU 27 + EFTA = Geographical and professional mobility with safeguard clause possible (for EU 1). May start work after proper registration with local commune.
- Rest of the world = Non-EL

Restrictions

- Quota* system applicable for:
- * except for PhD students, Post-doctoral researcher >2 years
- United Kingdom
- EU 1 Croatia
- Non-EU
- Quotas are released quarterly
- First come, first served basis
- Permits limited to :
- Employer (EPFL)
- Canton (place of work)
- Type of activity
- Priority of local workers for new hires (hors UE): EPFL has to show that despite serious search efforts on Swiss & EU markets no other Swiss nor EU nationals can perform the job

L - Permit Short term permit

Limited to the duration of the contract or max. 12 months. Can be extended to further 12 months. Maximum 24 months.

C - Permit

Permanent residence permit

Foreign nationals who have been granted a C permit after five years or ten years of residence in Switzerland (depending on the nationality).
Subject to various conditions.

Professor appointed ETH Board obtains C permit directly

B - Permit Long term permit

For duration above 24 months or unlimited.

Depending on nationality has to be renewed every year or every 5 years.

G - Permit Cross-border commuters permit

EU/EFTA nationals who reside in an EU/EFTA member state and work in Switzerland.

They must return to their main place of residence abroad at least once a week.

For non-EU, additional and other conditions apply.

Dependent permit

Mainly for married couples /children - permit always strictly linked to the permit of the main holder.

Always one main holder and one dependent.

For non-married couples, if special conditions are met according to the guidelines of the authorities but very restrictive! May be with or without allowed work activity.