BECOMING LEMAN

Présentation SAR Première année

site l'échelle l matière

technique groupe

OBJECTIVES/

PROCESS/ELE-

MENTS DE RENDU

«ON APPELLE «LIMITE» L'EXTRÉMITÉ DE TOUTE CHOSE: À LA FOIS LE In MEASURES we relate ourselves to the world and learn that observation is an active act. PREMIER POINT EN DEHORS DUQUEL IL N'Y A RIEN ET LE PREMIER world without measure - metric or poetic - remains unconscious. The most import POINT EN DEDANS DUQUEL TOUT SE TROUVE» - ARISTOTE The phase PLANES builds on the act of measuring and delineating, transforming that ac is perceived and experienced, then to work on complementing, reducing, extending into spatial and relational qualities. In careful consideration of ground and landscape ompleting, erasing, renewing or building in response to what has been comprehen are developed. The acquired skills of drawing, moulding and modelling allow us to gravity and the body, forming referential ground and border conditions. Space is a perience within the new relation of the constructed planes and the site where they are 09:15 @ House of 09:15 @ House of 09:15 @ Ateliers 09:15 @ House 09:15 @ HOUSE of 09:15 @ SG1 09:15 @ SG1 09:15 @ SG1 09:15 @ SG1 09:15 @ HALL SG 09:15 @ HOUSE of 09:15 @ ateliers DEMONTAGE A EVIAN La maquette comme TECHNE Stratégies de dessin Relating to Land: An In-De la synthèse écrite à Sur la photographie, La Le dessin comme outil through Planar Research and Emptying Exercises: Jorge Oteiza PLANES (DD/TC) GIVENS RLC (exterior) 1:100, 1:10, 1:1 | fixpencil, papier, carton, plâtre, bois DESSINS PLANES GIVENS Evian | 1:10 | fixpencil, papier, carton, plâtre | projection de monge. linéaire I dessins, maquettes, construction en bois groupes de 4 axonométries, axonométries éclatées, moule+moulage groupes de 2 OBJECTIVES/PROCESS/ELEMENTS DE RENDU Develop from the interstitia ge, axonométrie, collec- de monge, axonométrie moule, moulage 1+ analysis, develop in parallel 1) an idea about an interstitial space within the strucspace of Measures a vertical and horizontal condition in relation to a specific site. tures in Evian and 2) a demounting strategy. proposing a constructional relationship between a wall, a slab and the site of the RLC. PLANES DRAWING 21 Continuing on the drawing of the interstitial space of Measures, To make an analysis of a Greek-Roman Space, the Pant DRAWING 1.1 Construct a drawing that accounts for both the interstitial space that SYNTHÈSE ÉCR plan (pavement of the rotunda) in drawing and model. is measured and the process of measuring, 1:10. 12 Construct a series of drawings POST SUR LE BLOG develop a vertical and horizontal plane in relation to the site, 1:10. 22 Working as that reveal the way in which the structure is constructed, 1:10. 13 Create a folio a studio, develop a site drawing of all the planes in constellation, 1:100. drawings that outlines a strategy to demount, label, pack and transport a fragmen CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS/STUDY MODELS/MOCK-UPS/CONSTRUCTION Construct a measured Projection de Monge, Projection de Monge of Use the projection de 23 Develop a system of construction through drawings, study models and mock-ups. SYNTHÈSE a structure in Evian 1:10 MODEL 14 Make a drawing of and construct a cardboard formwork of 1:10. 1:1. 24 Construct the meeting of the two planes in wood and locate on site at ECRITE the interstitial space and cast in plaster, 1:10.) PHOTOGRAPHY 2.5 A series of photographs about the spatial qualities of PHOTOGRAPHY 1.5 Document the process of measuring and casting the planes and their relationship to the site. the element and assem- TEXT 1.6 A concept text between 50 - 100 words. TEXT 26 A concept text between 50 - 100 words. ble the casts as a collec- BLOG All required elements listed above and any additional elements of proc BLOG All required elements listed above and any additional elements of process. tive model and recast element), 1:10 in plan. 1:3.33 in height Text 50 – 100 words

REVIEWS S C A F F O L D I N G ROOMS DOMS is a an open concept pertaining to the aspect of interiority. If six planes may indeed build up a room, Gottfried emper's four elements of architecture - Earthwork, Hearth, Roof, and Enclosure - tell a story of cultural and social bededness, of spatial construction and its making, pertaining both to the immersion into actual architectures, but als to the processes of their making. ROOMS is a way to counter the still prevailing idea of architecture as objects. During is phase, the spatiality of our body and its immediate environment will be explored. Following the assimilation of ho one's body "enters the scene" and opens the question of how space is occupied. ture and the Body erritory and Ground Body in Space and Movement in the Baunaus: Oskar Schlemm GIVENS Le Rhône/Lac Léman | 1:1000, 1:100, 1:10, 1:1 | matières diverses | dessins, maguettes, construction Le Rhône / Lac Léman léchelles diverses matières verses Idessins, construction I individuelle+collective en bois lindividuelle DRAWING/MODEL 31 Develop an idea of the extents and location of the protostructure on a site, 1:1000. 1:100. 32 Construct a collective Protostructure in wood, 1:10. 33 Using all, but not limited to, the tools learnt in Crafts, develop from Planes a Room by incorporating a spatial idea related to the body located within the Protostructure, 1:10. CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS/STUDY MODELS/MOCK-UPS 34 Devise a structural solution and develop a system of construction through drawings, study models and mock-ups, 1:10, 1:1 PHOTOGRAPHY 3.5 A series of photographs looking from the inside out and the outside in TEXT 3.6 A concept text between 50 – 100 words. BLOG All required elements listed above and any additional elements of process.

«ILS LE BÂTIR EN COMMUN ET LA COMMUNAUTÉ DU TRAVAIL EST EN MÊME TEMPS LE BUT ET LE CONTENU DE L'OUVRAGE LUI-MÊME» - HEGE IOUSES reintroduces the Collective, ROOMS and HOUSES negotiate mult presholds of intimacy and social encounter both spatially and in the making. Bring ogether all that has been learnt, "...the built invariably comes into existence out of the onstantly evolving interplay of three converging vectors, the topos, the typos and the ectonic."* Through this interplay we find a language of exchange and the construction of ollective ground. Architecture is not an object. A house is not an object, HOUSES are *Frampton, Kenneth, Cava, John (ed.), Studies in Tectonic Culture: The P 09:15 @ House of 09:15 @ House of 09:15 @ Ateliers Buster Keaton and

POST SUR LE BLOG

GIVENS Le Rhône/Lac Léman léchelles diverses l matières diverses l technique diverses [all OBJECTIVES/PROCESS/ELEMENTS DE RENDU Spatially congregate Rooms in a Protostructure on the site to create Houses, taking into consideration their relationship to the ground. DRAWING/MODEL 4.1 Construct a drawing at 1:100 and a model of the Protostructure in wood at 1:10 to facilitate the negotiation of the coming-together of Rooms in response to a site to create Houses, 1:100. 42 Observe, map and draw the site conditions to be developed with Houses. CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS/MOCK UPS/CONSTRUCTION 43 Develop construction documents for Houses containing all the information necessary for its realisation. Use mock-ups to test site and material conditions, 1:100, 1:10, 1: 44 Construct the Protostructure on site during the Spring Break (refer to workshop information), 1:1, 4.5 Pre-frabricated elements, 1:

L'écriture comme com-

position pour animer

PHOTOGRAPHY 4.6 Observation of the site, it's characteristics and changes in

BLOG All required elements listed above and any additional elements of process

conditions over time. 4.7 Documentation of the process. TEXT 48 A concept text between 50 - 100 words.

full of trees - Where the Wild Things Are. Houses are embedded in Gardens and Gardens embody Houses, and to collectively inhabit that garden with love and care. DRAWING 5.1 Continue to observe, map and draw the site conditions to be developed with Houses and Gardens. CONSTRUCTION/MAINTENANCE/CARE 52 Prepare the ground for construction and enagage in the maintenance and care of the site and ground by tending to it at all stages of construction. 5.3 To assemble the prefabricated elements to build Houses in relation to the site. PHOTOGRAPHY 5.4 Document the process. 5.5 A series of photographs expressing the spatial qualities of Houses in relation to Gardens. TEXT 5.6 A concept text between 50 - 100 words. BLOG All required elements listed above and any additional elements of process

looking glass and wondering how to read and make sense of everything and everyon

Becoming
Initiating Architectures of Contribution

In a time when depletion of reason is seemingly becoming a normality and a fundamental disruption of the ecosystem forecasts its proximity through abnormal climatic occurrences, the first and foremost question that comes to mind is about foundation, not only of architecture, but of society and life as a whole. The 'fundamentals' that we have been taught by our teachers, by history, and by how we have been conducting our profession as architects, are these foundations adequate? How should we learn from there, from this incredibly rich and abundant substance built up by the many cultures of this planet? How should we understand it, how should we re-read it? Which values will have to be abandoned or entirely replaced?

With our ALICE year one program we put emphasis on two notions that we esteem to be fundamental to architecture. The first is its processual nature. Architecture does not belong to a world conceived as a series of welldefined problems where architecture would form the objects to bring about solutions to those problems. Rather, architecture is always entangled in questions directly linked to our existence and therefore emergent in nature. As gestures and inventions, architecture has both cultural and technical meaning; these aspects of architecture cannot be separated as they are of one and the same nature. The things that we invent and produce to act upon the space that we live in are extensions of our body. They are in constant transformation, situated in relation to us as living individuals and societal beings, and in relation to the environment that is itself a living organism. Being alive,

we are in a perpetual state of *becoming*, as is our environment and our society. Architecture is therefore both an expression and concretization of this aspect of *becoming* that we share with all humans.

The second aspect that we stress is architecture's

environment. This collective nature and the languages that pertain to architecting play a fundamental role in how we conceive of architecture itself and its role as an exteriorization of our bodies into the world (ref. Bernard Stiegler). Gestures - the making and the significations that emerge through these processes – form a cultural and technical language that we craft together. We make architecture together. Making is as intrinsically linked to thinking as is the will of the soul that lets a gesture take place. In our program we emphasize on the collective nature of architecture in making projects as individuals, as small groups and as one large group of people. To emphasize the importance of the collective act we have hypothesized and succeeded to think. design and build one single project with 250 people, all authors and co-authors. The most important aspect in the ALICE series of *Houses* is not their final form but rather the explorative process by the contributors and the capacity of an articulated *mise-en-espace* to support a search for new forms of living together. As such, HOUSES/GARDENS

collective nature. Architecture is never made alone, it is

a means of communicating in society and with the

The terms that we have introduced in our first-year program as a journey into architecture are crafted around

becomes a powerful research tool.

a simple idea: they are intended to first help constitute a conception of the world, then to engage with it, and finally to help situate ourselves in it, both as an individual and collectively. The first phase MEASURES can be seen as an expanded idea of correlation and infinite proportion. We then conceive and project PLANES to act upon the world, to correlate ourselves in space and with the environment and people around us, building up supports to situate us gravitationally, and to localize articulated openness and separation. With ROOMS we are creating interiors and considering thresholds and transitions of individual or entirely collective nature. The term HOUSE then is about the organism, about the principles and structures that build up and hold together the above notions.

The present, second iteration of *Becoming* continues

the investigations that we have led throughout the previous

two cycles, *Visible Worlds and Inside*, and the first iteration of becoming. The first cycle, *Visible Worlds*, focused on the relation that we build up to the world in its appearances and through collective making - how we, as we act on space, communicate spatially. Projects were conceived in a collective matrix space – not as individual objects but as collective artefacts with hundreds of individual qualities. These inventions where emphasized in model space. In the second cycle, *Inside*, we have laid focus on constructing. Being inside of the processes that act upon space, our existential position is by logic one of immersion. Immersion is emphasized as a condition of being-in: in making, and quite literally, in constructing the architectures that we have

conceived and designed. As importantly, we have pushed immersion as being-in space, as a phenomenological architecture so to speak. We have accentuated *insideness* as a collective phenomenon, both in working in large groups, and in leaving the sheltered academic environment and constructing full-scale projects in public places, and as public places, accessible to all. Each of the HOUSES is forum, a place for exchange. To mount these exchanges of ideas, gestures and built space by many souls, to scaffold these communications, we have elaborated and investigated the concept of *protostructure* – itself concretized as a physical support and supporting concretizations of the ideas of a larger collective. The first iteration of Becoming Léman saw this very protostructure becoming fragmented and dissipated

Yet the question of how we situate these architectures persists. Have we perhaps still been focusing too much on architecture as building?

We will now continue to learn how to relate

into multiple sites across a landscape.

architectures to the ground. How to situate ideas and spatial constructs, not only in society, but also in relation to life in general, to our resources on this planet, and very literally how to root architecture, how we let it live, how we let it *become*. With GARDENS, we will investigate through sounding the waters and sounding the grounds the relations that architecture will have as extensions of ourselves in this marvellous and fragile planetary garden (*ref.* Gilles Clément) that is the biosphere. We hope to simultaneously write architecture and its relation to the ground. We will elaborate,

test and investigate the potential of *protofigure* and *protofiguration* as ways, concepts and ideas on how we inscribe habitat into the land. We hope and believe that such an architecture can shift values. Architectures are not problem-solvers but rather have the potential to relocate values – from profit in a capital fixed economy to an ecology and economy of space and of contribution.

It is in the spirit of an urgency that we propose to work

first on values other than efficiency, profitability, or

longstanding knowledge of architectural types and languages: in initiating architecture as a thinking and making of space that is aimed at an intrinsic principle of contribution and CARE, based on both individual and collective desire. It is the experience of this very possibility that we would like to share with communities of people in most diverse environments – Houses/Gardens as habitats, imagined, conceived, thought, drawn and built by, and with many. These future spaces that emerge between many souls in constant deliberation will be expressions and contributions of desire, beyond the object, and beyond efficiency.

It is here that such architectures may embark on other routes. They may emerge not as rigidly ordinated and easily legible objects, ready to be consumed as eloquent speech or used as functional machines in view of a purpose. Spaces may rather take on a strange form and resemble organisms like whole cities, with their many imperfections and often less obviously ruled development. They may become constructs embodying collective histories of deliberation rather than of the architectural canon. They may, at times, sound like

symphonies – louder reverberations in the streets followed by quieter whispers in the night. Grounds, plants, structures, rhythms, details, materials

with many and in continual, ongoing deliberation. It is the open field of potential that draws out new collective ideas, to be brought into material life through open operations, intrinsically coordinated. We must think of new canvases and new tools, to unlearn and relearn architecture. Values will shift and form may be very different, and perhaps at times reoccurring from another moment of our histories. Projects and resulting spaces will be material articulations of liminalities – potentials articulated by material and temporal processes – *Becoming* future inscribed in values of contribution.

may all evolve by themselves into new forms in the interplay

Such an architecture is again immersive: it is aimed at an ecology of space. As an immersive architecture it must be phenomenological: it evolves the experiential comprehension of the places and the space that we live in. It becomes where we meet other people and our environment. To survive, it must be economical beyond capitalism: it must give us values to live a better life.

Architecture is a political practice. The way we evolve space reconfigures matter, places, people, biological life. To act upon space is a collective responsibility. We must therefore, first and foremost, put into question the values that exercise control in these actions. Who or what governs life and us? What are the values that truly matter?

Dieter Dietz Zurich, August 2019