# Homework 10 (4<sup>th</sup> graded homework): 12 May 2020 CS-526 Learning Theory

The deadline is Tuesday, June 2 2020. Please LATEX your homework. No scan of handwritten homework is accepted.

## Exercise 1 (adapted from J. Duchi)

 $\mathcal{M}_n(\mathbb{R})$  is the Hilbert space of  $n \times n$  real matrices endowed with the inner product  $\langle A, B \rangle = \text{Tr}(A^T B)$ . The induced norm is the Euclidian (or Frobenius) norm, i.e.,

$$||A|| = \sqrt{\operatorname{Tr}(A^T A)} = \left(\sum_{i,j=1}^n (A_{ij})^2\right)^{1/2}.$$

Consider the cone of  $n \times n$  symmetric positive semi-definite matrices, denoted  $\mathcal{S}_n^+ \subseteq \mathcal{M}_n(\mathbb{R})$ . For all  $A \in \mathcal{S}_n^+$ ,  $\lambda_{\max}(A)$  is the maximum eigenvalue associated to A. We define

$$f: \begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{S}_n^+ & \to & [0, +\infty) \\ A & \mapsto & \lambda_{\max}(A) \end{array}.$$

- a) Show that f is convex.
- **b)** Find a subgradient  $V \in \partial f(A)$  for any  $A \in \mathcal{S}_n^+$ .

*Hint:* A subgradient of f at A is a matrix  $V \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  that satisfies:

$$\forall B \in \mathcal{S}_n^+ : f(B) \ge f(A) + \text{Tr}((B-A)^T V).$$

## Exercise 2 (adapted from 14.3, Understanding Machine Learning)

Let  $S = ((\mathbf{x}_1, \mathbf{y}_1), \dots, (\mathbf{x}_m, \mathbf{y}_m)) \in (\mathbb{R}^d \times \{-1, +1\})^m$ . Assume that there exists  $\mathbf{w} \in \mathbb{R}^d$  such that for every  $i \in [m]$  we have  $y_i \langle \mathbf{w}, \mathbf{x}_i \rangle \geq 1$ , and let  $\mathbf{w}^*$  be a vector that has the minimal norm among all vectors that satisfy the preceding requirement. Let  $R = \max_i ||\mathbf{x}_i||$ . Define a function  $f(\mathbf{w}) = \max_{i \in [m]} (1 - y_i \langle \mathbf{w}, \mathbf{x}_i \rangle)$ .

- a) Show that  $\min_{\mathbf{w}:\|\mathbf{w}\| \leq \|\mathbf{w}^{\star}\|} f(\mathbf{w}) = 0$ .
- b) Show that any w for which  $f(\mathbf{w}) < 1$  separates the examples in S.
- c) Show how to calculate a subgradient of f.
- d) Describe a subgradient descent algorithm for finding a  $\mathbf{w}$  that separates the examples. Show that the number of iterations T of your algorithm satisfies

$$T \le R^2 \|\mathbf{w}^*\|^2.$$

Hint: it is a good idea to take a look at the Batch Perceptron algorithm in Section 9.1.2. for the analysis.

e) (Not graded) Compare your algorithm to the Batch Perceptron algorithm.

#### Exercise 3 (6.3 from *Understanding Machine Learning*)

Let  $\mathcal{X}$  be the Boolean hypercube  $\{0,1\}^n$ . For a set  $I \subseteq \{1,2,\ldots,n\}$  we denote a parity function  $h_I$  as follows. On a binary vector  $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_n) \in \{0,1\}^n$ ,

$$h_I(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{i \in I} x_i \mod 2.$$

(That is,  $h_I$  computes parity of bits in I.) What is the VC-dimension of the class of all such parity functions,

$$\mathcal{H}_{n-parity} = \{h_I : I \subseteq \{1, 2, \dots, n\}\}?$$

### [Not graded] Exercise 4 (adapted from 14.4, Understanding Machine Learning)

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Algorithm 1: SGD with adaptive learning rate
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parameters: T
initialize: \mathbf{w}^{(1)} = 0
for t = 1 \dots T do

Choose a random vector \mathbf{v}_t s.t. \mathbb{E}[\mathbf{v}_t | \mathbf{w}^{(t)}] \in \partial f(w^{(t)})
Set \eta_t = B/\rho \sqrt{t}
Set \mathbf{w}^{(t+1/2)} = \mathbf{w}^{(t)} - \eta_t \mathbf{v}_t.
Set \mathbf{w}^{(t+1/2)} = \arg\min_{\mathbf{y}: \|\mathbf{y}\| \le B} \|\mathbf{w}^{(t+1/2)} - \mathbf{y}\|.
end
output: \bar{\mathbf{w}} = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \mathbf{w}^{(t)}
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Prove the following theorem on the above algorithm and specify the constant  $\alpha > 0$ .

**Theorem 1.** Let  $B, \rho > 0$ . Let f be a convex function and let  $\mathbf{w}^* \in \arg\min_{\mathbf{w}: \|\mathbf{w}\| \leq B} f(\mathbf{w})$ . Assume that SGD is run for T iterations with  $\eta_t = \frac{B}{\rho\sqrt{t}}$ . Assume also that for all t,  $\mathbb{E}\|\mathbf{v}_t\|^2 \leq \rho^2$ . Then

$$\mathbb{E}_{\mathbf{v}_{1:T}}[f(\bar{\mathbf{w}})] - f(\mathbf{w}^{\star}) \le \alpha \cdot \frac{\rho B}{\sqrt{T}}$$